

DESCRIPCIÓN DEL RETO REGULAR - SENIOR

"SMART NETWORK"

WORLD ROBOT OLYMPIAD SPAIN 2019

WRO International Premium Partners







1. INTRODUCTION

Future IT networks face challenges such as holographic video conferencing, driverless cars, and interactive robots, just to name a few of the options that are expected to occur in the near future.

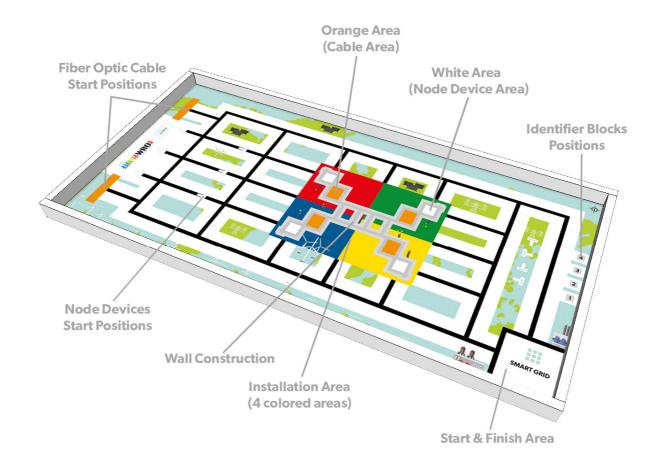
In IT data transfer, not only is the goal to increase the speed, but also to create complex systems that can intelligently adapt to the needs of users so that technology remains hidden from the everyday user. Hardware and software solutions will work together to run the future networks.

Creating these future networks involves adapting the current technology, developing new devices, and strengthening wireless technologies. Only a fast, reliable, and secure system can serve as the base for the smart city of the future. It is necessary to create a system that does not require specific IT knowledge from the user. By hiding the technology, only the benefits and the convenience are presented to users.

This year, it is the mission to create a robot that modernizes the network within a city by installing new wireless node devices and establishing an optical network between them.

2. GAME FIELD

The following graphic shows the game field with the different areas.



If the table is larger than the game mat, use the Start & Finish Area as a guide and place the Start & Finish Area at the edge of the wall to set up the game mat.



3. GAME OBJECTS

There are two different node devices: black colored, ring-shaped objects (new devices) and white colored without a ring (old devices).

There are 4 black and 2 white node devices.



New devices (4 elements)



Old devices (2 elements)

2 fiber optic cables are used to connect different areas on the field.



Fiber optic cables

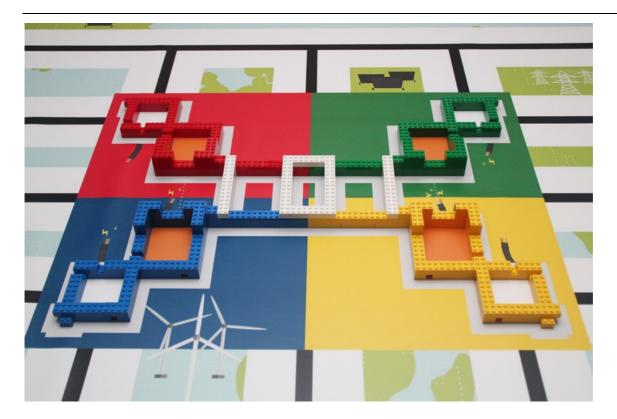
There are 4 identifier blocks in the colors red, green, yellow, and blue that are used to determine the orientation of the node devices.



Identifier Block

There is a wall construction that defines the White Areas to place the node devices (one in every colored part) and Orange Areas to place the fiber optic cables (one cable from red to blue and one cable from green to yellow).





4. POSITIONING OF GAME OBJECTS

4.1 Positioning of node devices

The node elements are placed on the left side on the field. There are two lines with 3 elements each. Every line contains 2 black node devices and 1 white node device that are randomly selected. The position of the nodes in the two columns (left and right line) is drawn separately, e.g. by placing a white and two black cubes in a non-transparent box and then draw the cubes twice, once for each line.

The following photo shows an example of a possible starting position:



One possible starting position



Starting orientation of a black node device, always facing this way.

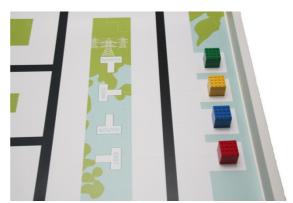
4.2 Positioning of identifier blocks

The 4 identifier blocks are randomly placed on the 4 positions (numbered 1 to 4) on the right side above the starting area, e.g. by placing all cubes in a non-transparent box and then draw them one by one. The following photo shows an example of a possible starting position:









A possible starting position

Empty starting position (with numbers)

4.3 Positioning of fiber optic cables

The fiber optic cables will be placed on the orange rectangles on the left side of the field. The size of the orange rectangles and the cables is the same. It should look like photo on the right.



4.4 Positioning of wall construction

The wall construction is placed on the dark grey area. This dark part is exactly the size of the wall construction.





5. ROBOT MISIONS

For a better understanding, the missions will be explained in multiple sections. But of course, the team can decide in which order they will do the missions.

5.1. Mission: Place the node devices in the correct orientation

The black node devices must be transported from their initial positions to the White Areas in the installation area. White objects must be left in their initial positions.

The black node devices must be aligned in specific orientations that are determined by the identifier blocks. The identifier blocks define the orientation each black node device should have in the surrounding colored frame, example: Green block on position 4 means that the node device should be placed pointing NORTH in the green wall area (see example on the next page).

In each game, all 4 orientations shown in these photos will be used.









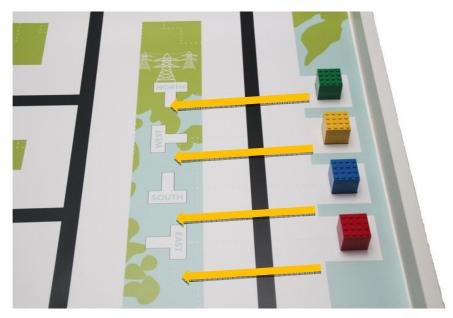
WEST Orientation

EAST Orientation

SOUTH Orientation

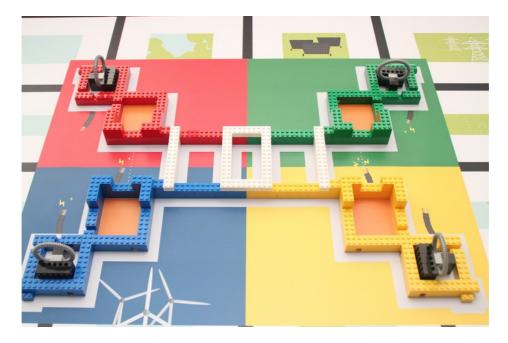
NORTH Orientation

Start position of the identifier blocks:





Optimal end position of node devices:



5.2. Mission: Connect the fiber optic cables

The robot should connect the two fiber optic cables between the different areas.

The cable connection should be made between the red and blue and the green and yellow areas. In the best case, the fiber optic cables touch the orange areas of the installation area.



5.3. Mission: Park the robot

Before the start of the run, the robot must start completely within the Start & Finish area (the surrounding line is not included in the Start & Finish Area. At the start, the cables count toward the maximum size of the robot, so they need to be included in the Start & Finish Area).

The mission is completed when the robot returns to the Start & Finish area, stops, and the chassis of the robot is completely (top-view) within the Start & Finish area (cables are allowed to be outside of the Start & Finish area).



5.4. Penalty points (walls)

The walls must not be damaged or moved from the grey area. If the walls are damaged or moved outside the light grey area, a penalty is given but will never result in a negative score.



6. SCORING

Definitions for the scoring:

- "Correct / Wrong Orientation" is defined by the identifier blocks, please take a look at Mission 1 for an explanation.
- "Touching only" means that the object is touching the white node device area inside the installation area on the mat (completely lying on one side). Every other situation where only a part of the object touches the white area inside the installation area (e.g. if the object is partly held up by the wall) is defined as "Touching partly"
- Note: Points for node devices and fiber optic cables are only awarded if the objects are lying inside the wall construction. You cannot move the wall construction to the side to score points.

Tasks	Each	Total
A black node device:	30	120
Correct orientation		
 Touching only the field mat 		
A black node device:	10	40
Wrong orientation		
 Touching only the field mat 		
A black node device:	5	20
Any orientation		
 Touching partly the field mat 		
Fiber optic cable – Full Connection:	30	60
The connection between the two areas is complete, both ends of the		
cable are touching the orange colored area on the mat.		
Fiber optic cable – One-Side Connection:	20	40
The connection between the two areas is almost done. On one side,		
the end of the cable touches the orange colored area on the mat. On		
the other side the end of the cable touches the surrounding wall of the orange colored area.		
-	10	20
Fiber optic cable – Wall Connection: The connection between the two areas not worked out, on both sides	10	20
the ends of the cable touches the surrounding wall of the orange		
colored area.		
The white node elements remain in the initial position.	5	10
(only if other points with black node devices are assigned)		
Robot completely stops within Start & Finish Area.		10
(only if other points are assigned)		
Robot damages or displaces the wall construction.		-10
Maximum Score		200

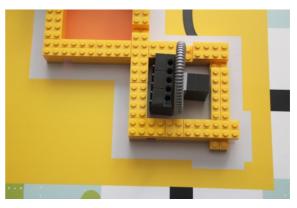


Scoring Interpretation

• A black node device with **CORRECT orientation**, touches only the mat → 30 points



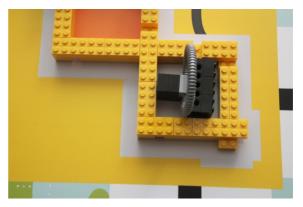
You can see that the yellow block is lying on the WEST Orientation.



The node device is lying completely on the field in the correct orientation (WEST orientation), the lower side only touching the mat and not held up by the wall.

• A black node device with **WRONG orientation**, **touches only** the mat → 10 points





The node device is lying completely on the field **but in the wrong orientation** (*EAST instead of WEST orientation*), the lower side only touching the mat and not held up by the wall.

• A black node device with **ANY orientation**, **touches PARTLY** the mat → 5 points

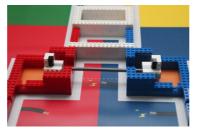


The node device is not completely lying on the field, held up by the wall as well.



• Fiber Optic Cable – Full Connection (both cable ends touch the orange areas) → 30 points







• Fiber Optic Cable – One-Side-Connection (one cable end is touching the orange area, one cable end is touching the side the wall) → 10 points



It is important that the surrounding walls (in this case red or blue) are touched.

• Fiber Optic Cable – Wall-Connection (both cable ends are touching the wall) → 5 points



It is important that the surrounding walls (in this case red or blue) are touched.

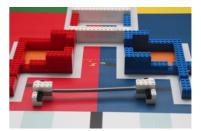
• Fiber Optic Cable – no (ZERO) points for these situations:



No points for touching the mat with one cable end



No points for touching the white part of the wall (the surrounding red wall must be touched)



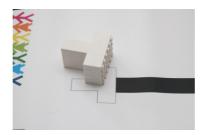
No points if the cable is only lying on the field mat.



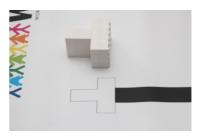
• The white node elements remain in the initial position → 10 points (only if other points with black node devices are assigned)



Both elements are lying completely fine on their starting positions.



It is OK if the white element touches the starting position (like this one here).

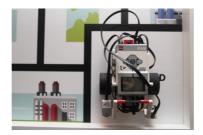


No points if one or both white elements are no longer touching the starting position.

• Robot completely stops within Start & Finish Area → 10 points (only if other points are assigned)



The projection of the robot is completely inside the start area. Well done ③.



The projection of the robot is completely inside, and cables are out. That is still OK.



No points if the projection of the robot is not in the start area.

• Penalty points: Robot damages or displaces the wall construction → -10 points



It is OK if the wall is moved inside the light grey area.



Penalty points if the wall is outside the grey area.



Penalty points if the wall is damaged.

7. ASSEMBLY OF GAME OBJECTS

Assembly of node devices

There are 2 white (old) and 4 black (new) node devices on the field.

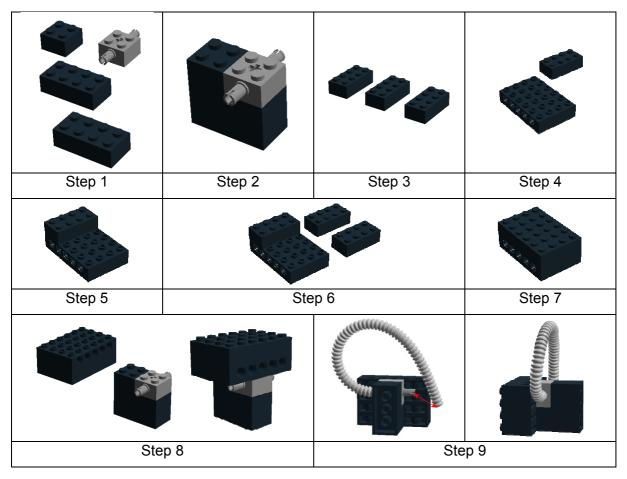
For one **black node** device you need:

- 5 black 2x4 bricks
- 1 black 2x2 brick





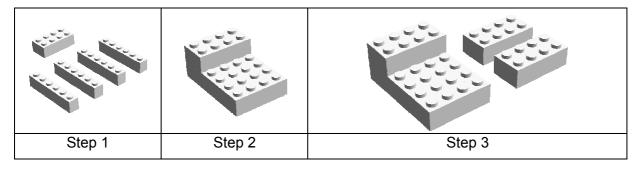
- 1 grey 2x2 bricks with the connection for the ribbed hosepipe
- 1 grey ribbed hosepipe
- 4 black 1x6 bricks



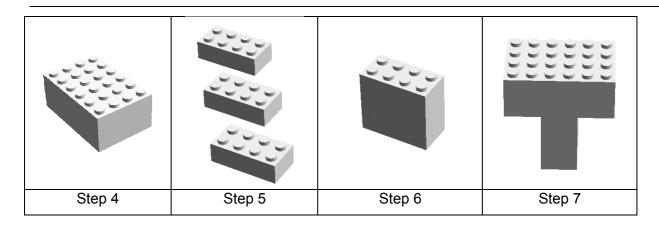
For one white node device you need:

- 6 white 2x4 bricks
- 4 whit 1x6 bricks









Assembly of identifier blocks

There are 4 identifier blocks, one red, one yellow, one green, and one blue.

For each identifier block you need **6 2x4 LEGO bricks** in the specific color.

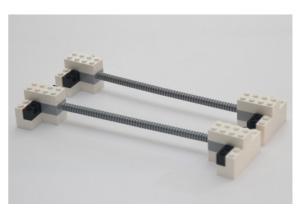


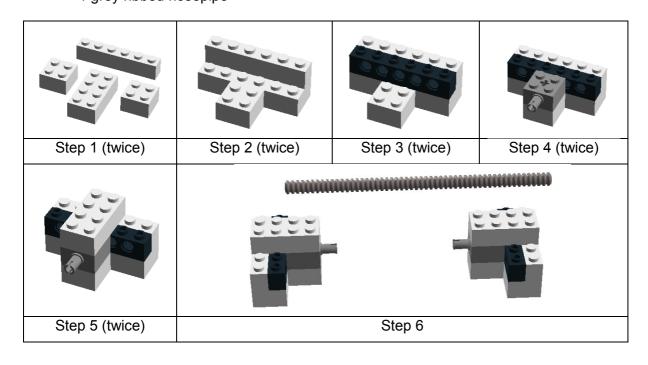
Assembly of the fiber optic cable

There are **2 fiber optic cables** on the field.

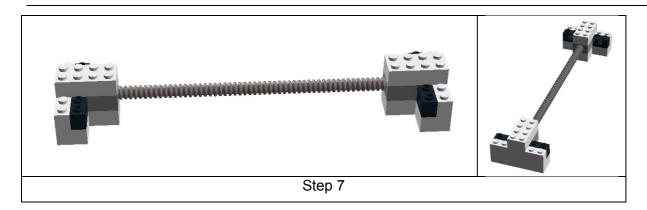
For **one fiber optic cable** you need:

- 4 white 2x2 bricks
- 4 white 2x4 brick
- 2 white 1x6 brick
- 2 black 1x6 brick
- 2 grey 2x2 bricks with the connection for a hosepipe
- 1 grey ribbed hosepipe





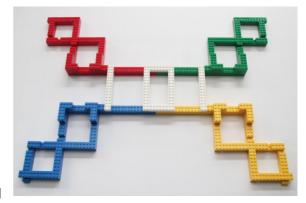




Assembly of the wall construction

The assembly of the wall will be done in multiple steps:

- 1. Assembly of the red and yellow parts
- 2. Assembly of the blue and green parts
- 3. Connecting walls



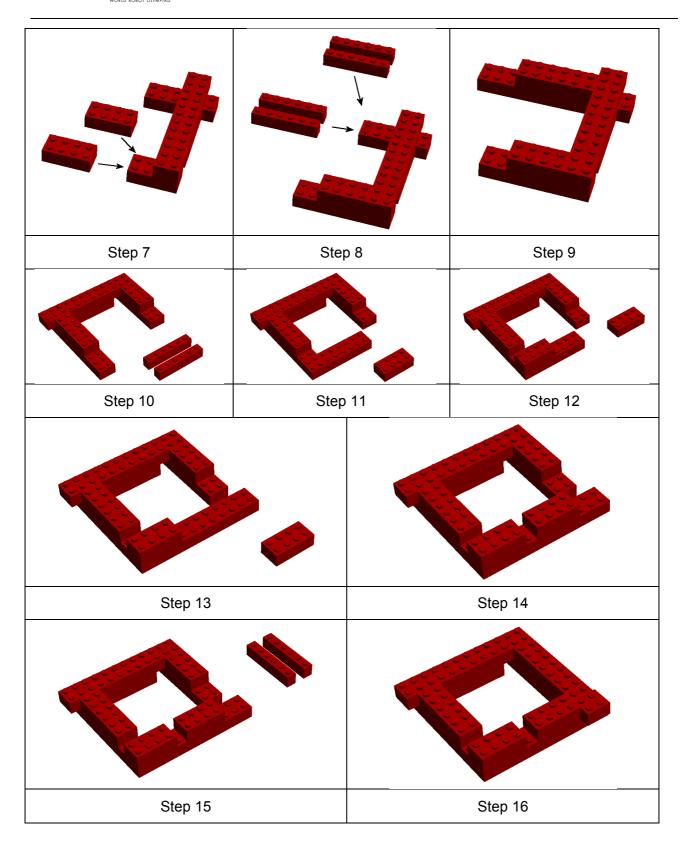
Red and Yellow target areas for node devices and cables

For the red or yellow wall part you need:

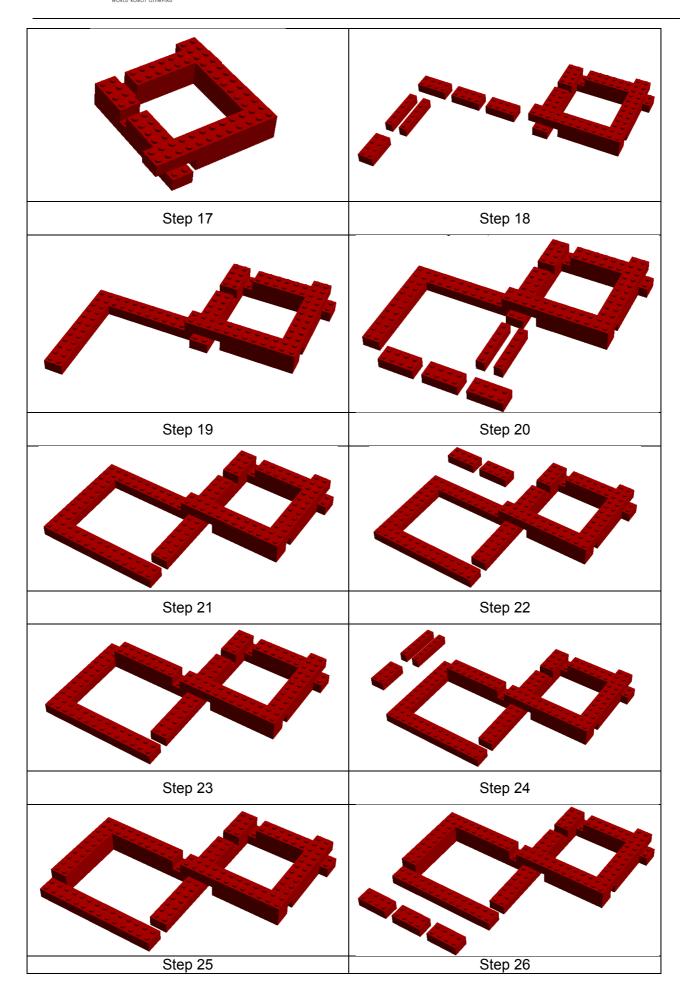
- 4 2x2 bricks
- 25 2x4 bricks
- 26 1x6 bricks

Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
Step 4	Step 5	Step 6

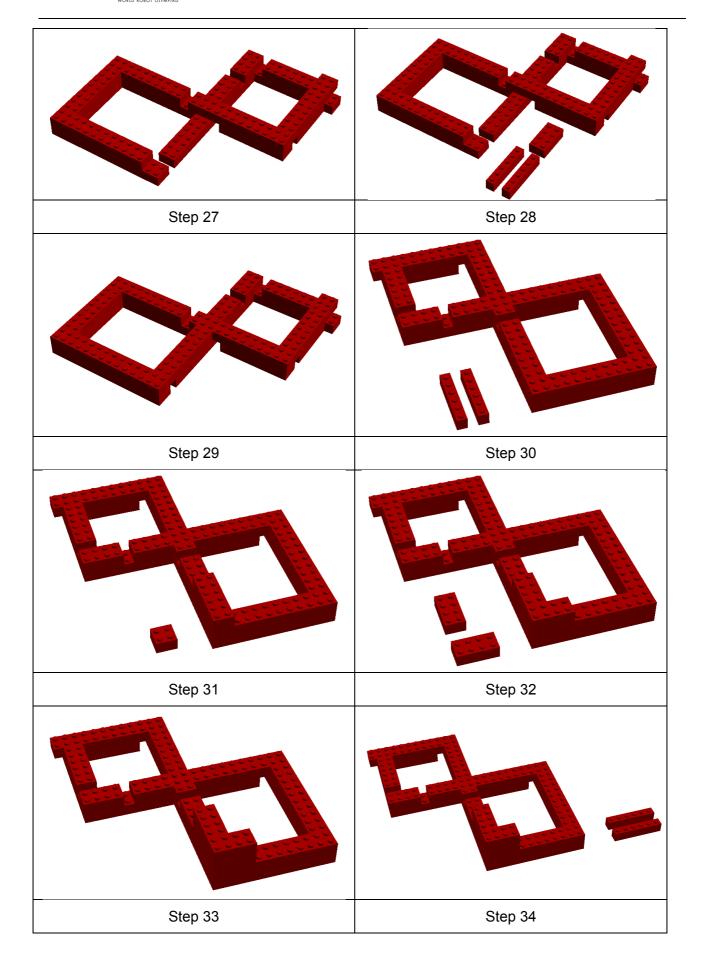




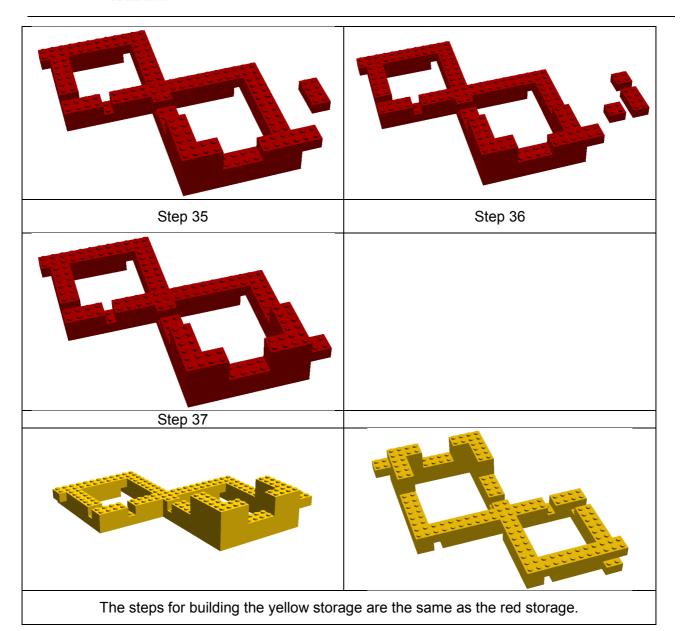


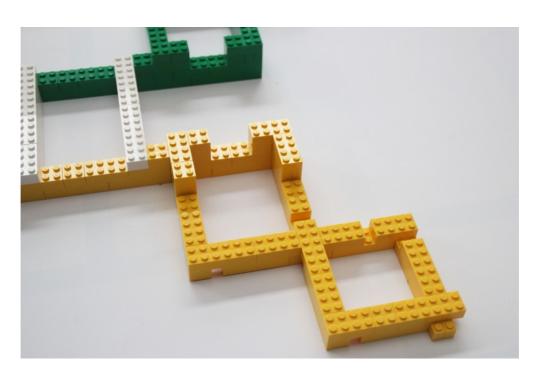










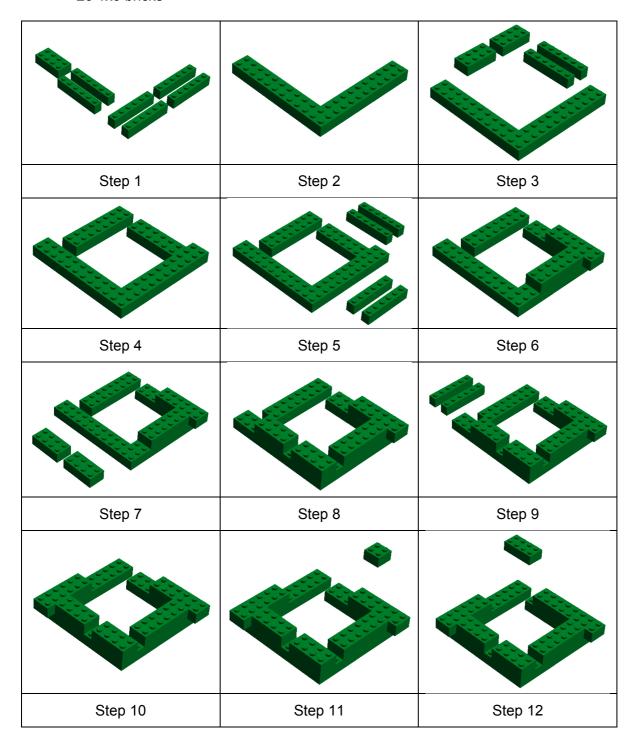




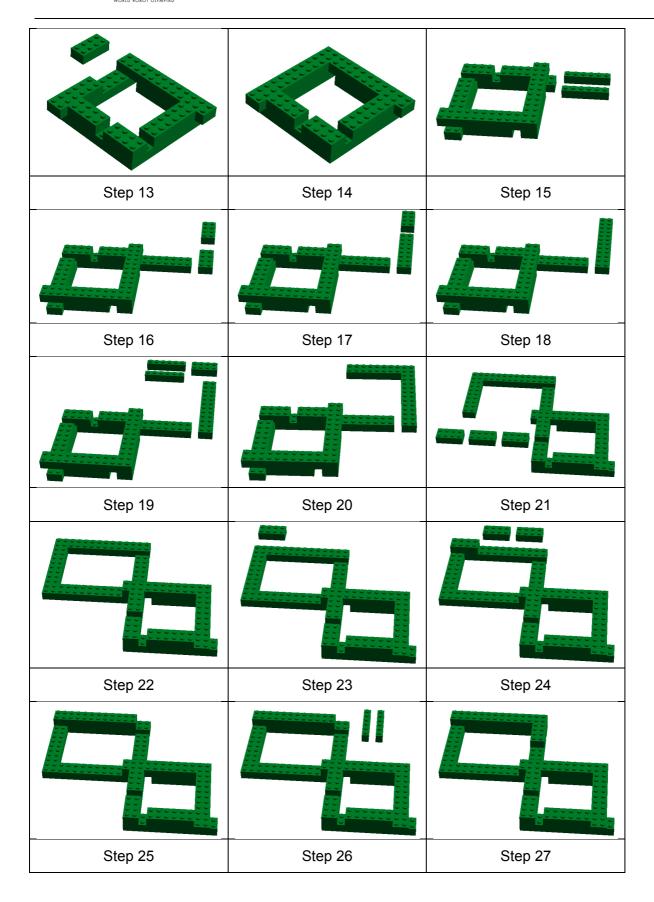
Green and Blue target areas for node devices and cables

For the green and blue wall part you need:

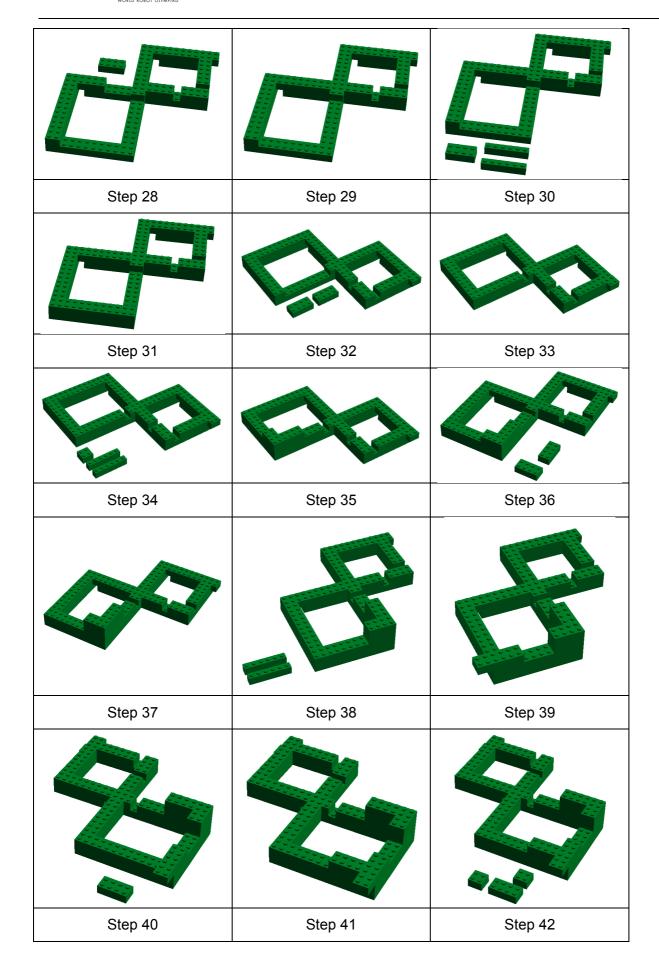
- 4 2x2 bricks
- 25 2x4 bricks
- 26 1x6 bricks



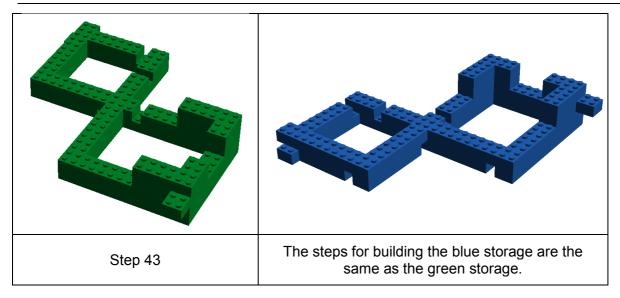


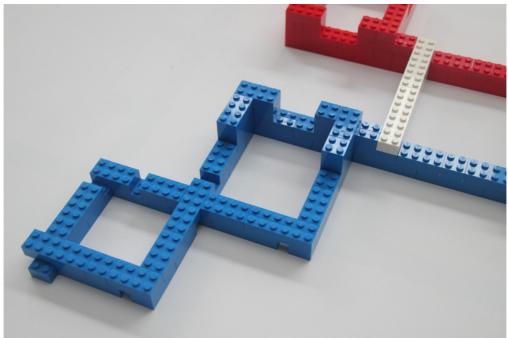












Connecting walls

Color: red, yellow, blue, green (one of each)

You need the following number of bricks for each wall:

- 1 2x2 bricks
- 4 2x4 bricks
- 6 1x6 bricks



		2000000000000000000000000000000000000
Step 1	Step 2	Step 3



Color: white (4 pieces)

You need the following number of bricks for one wall:

- 7 white 2x4 bricks
- 4 white 1x6 bricks

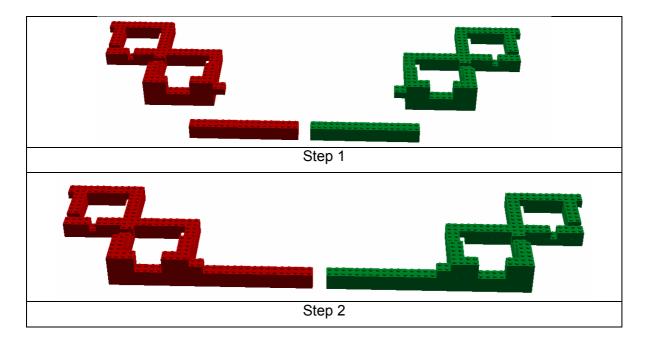


		<u> </u>
Step 1	Step 2	Step 3
2224 2224 2224 222222222222	222222222222	
Step 4	Step 5	

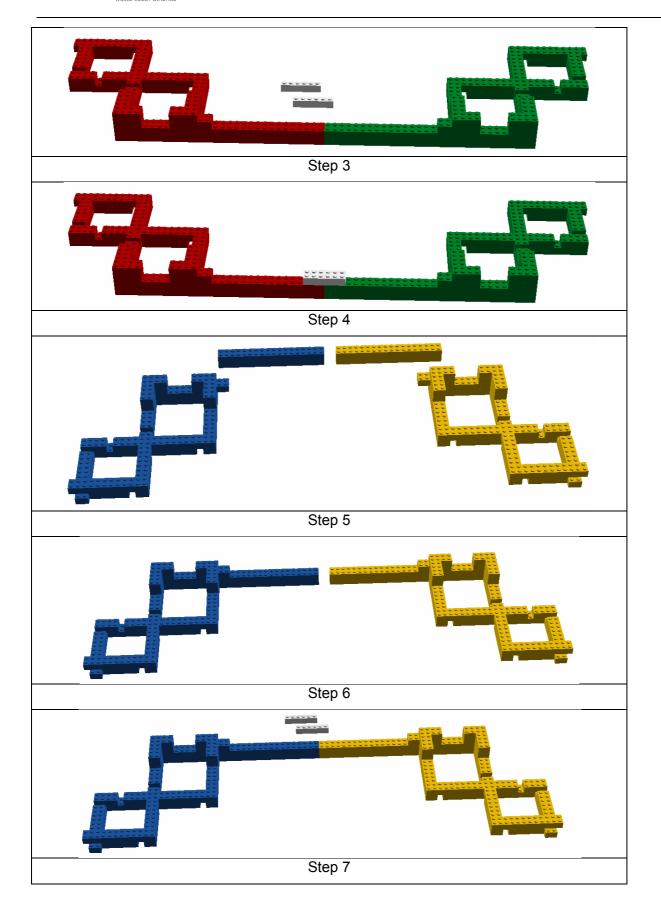
Connect the different elements for the full construction

For the connection between red / green and blue / yellow area you need:

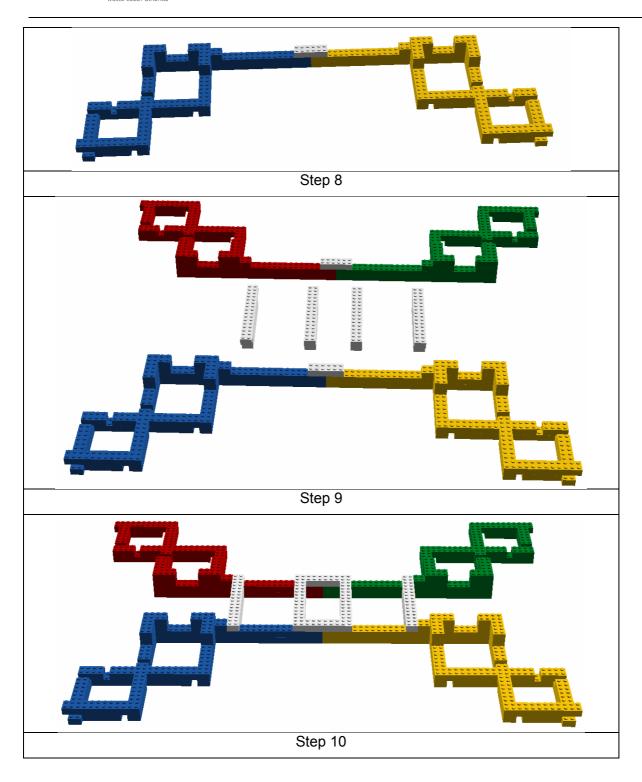
• 4 white 1x6 bricks











Congratulations, you made it! ☺

Take a look at the photos on the next page to check if you have built everything correctly.



